

Lung surfactant inhibition – an alternative acute inhalation toxicity test

Jorid Birkelund Sørli and Emilie Da Silva

jbs@nfa.dk

eds@nfa.dk

Endpoint replacement

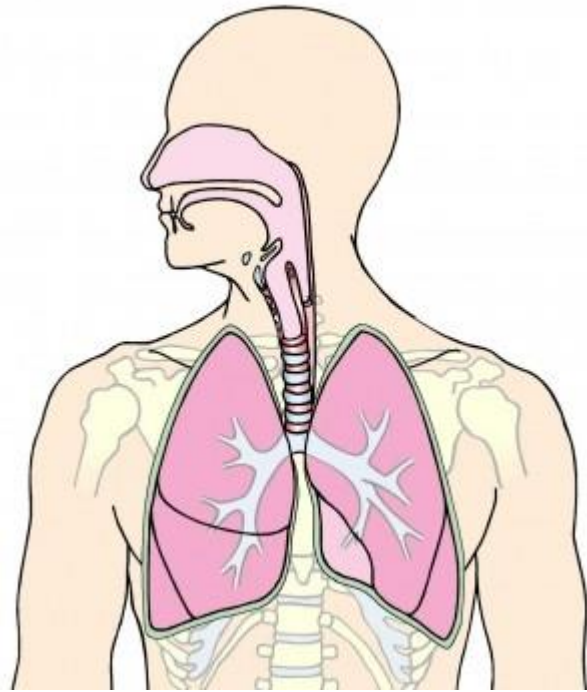
- **Acute inhalation toxicity**

- Accepted tests OECD TG 403/436/433
- Endpoints: death (403 and 436) or evident toxicity (433)

- No accepted alternatives

Impregnation product	In vitro test	In vivo test	Correlation	Toxic for humans
"Wood impregnation"	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
"Stain repellent super"	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
"Liquid stain protection"	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
"Faceal oleo MG"	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
"HG textile"	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
"HG leather "	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

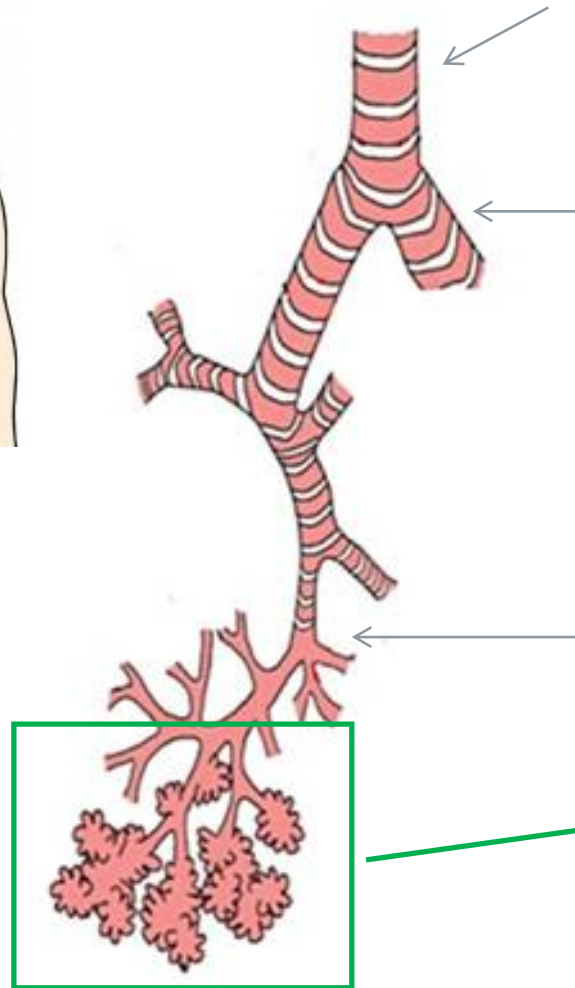
The airways



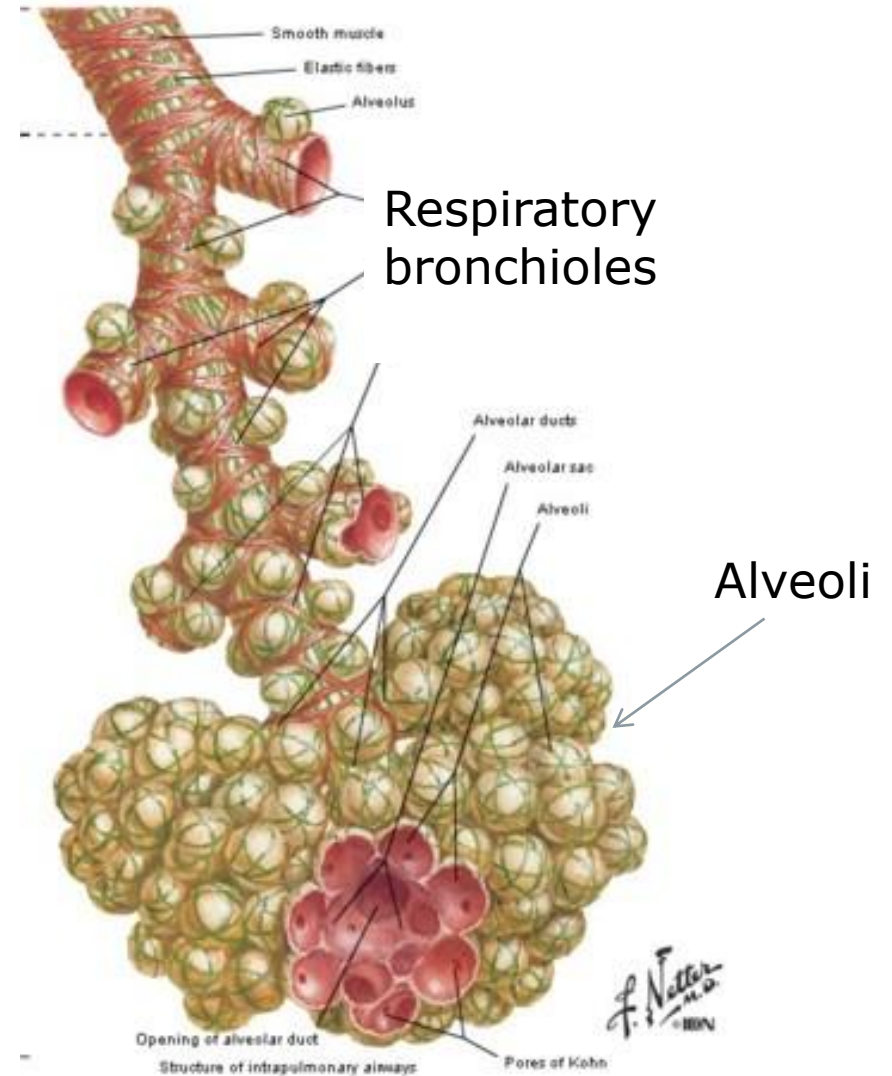
Trachea

Bronchi

Bronchioles

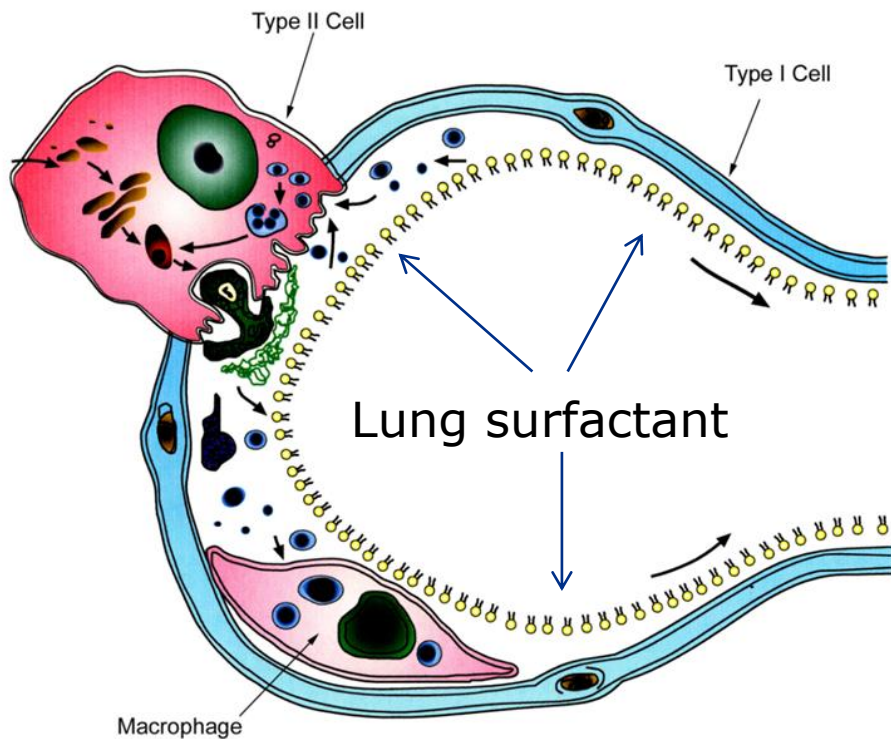


Generation 17-23
respiration



Adapted from Ungaro et al,
2012

Alternative integrated testing strategy gap

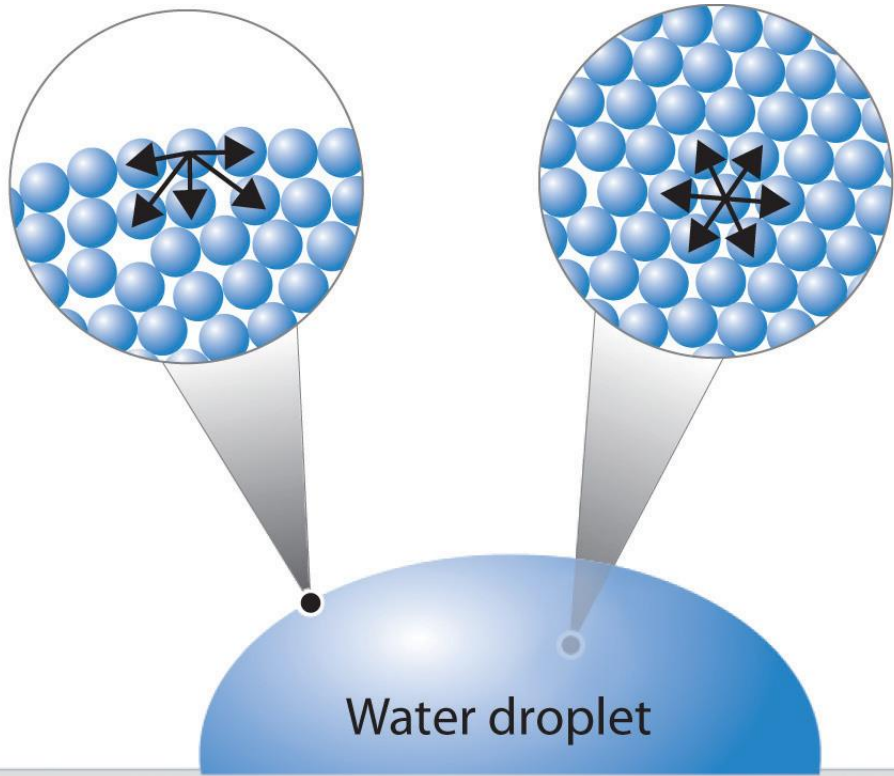


- Most **cell-based** lung toxicity assays do not incorporate lung surfactant

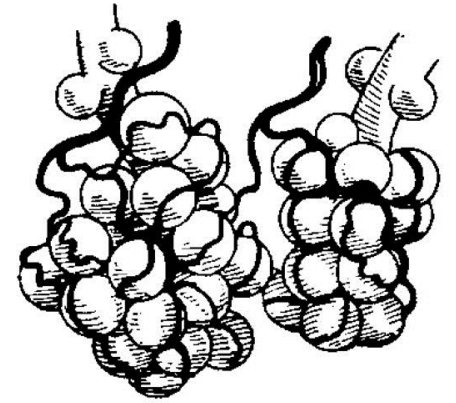
BUT

- Lung surfactant has a vital function in the lungs

Lung surfactant regulates surface tension



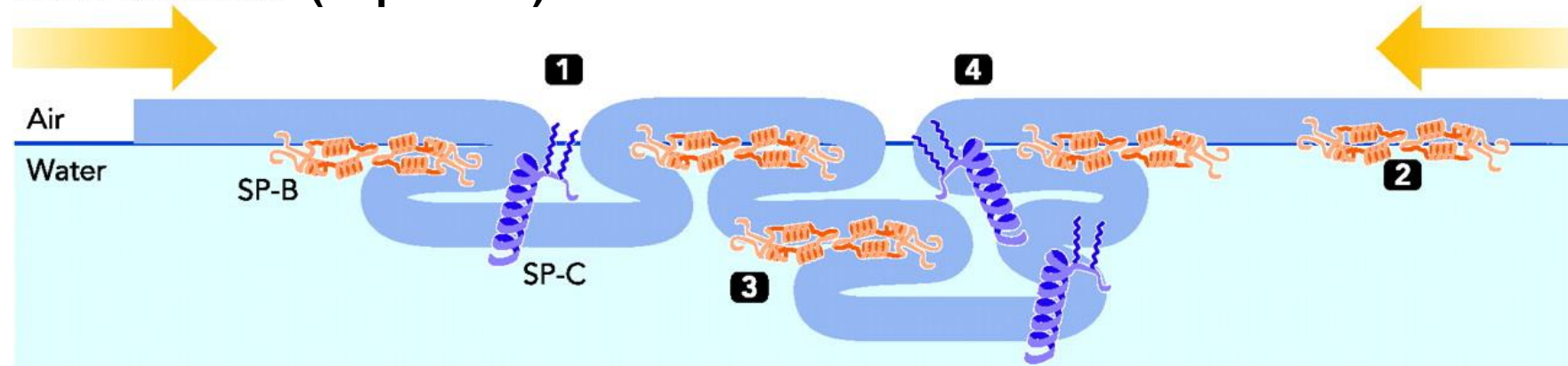
Low surface tension
Normal alveoli



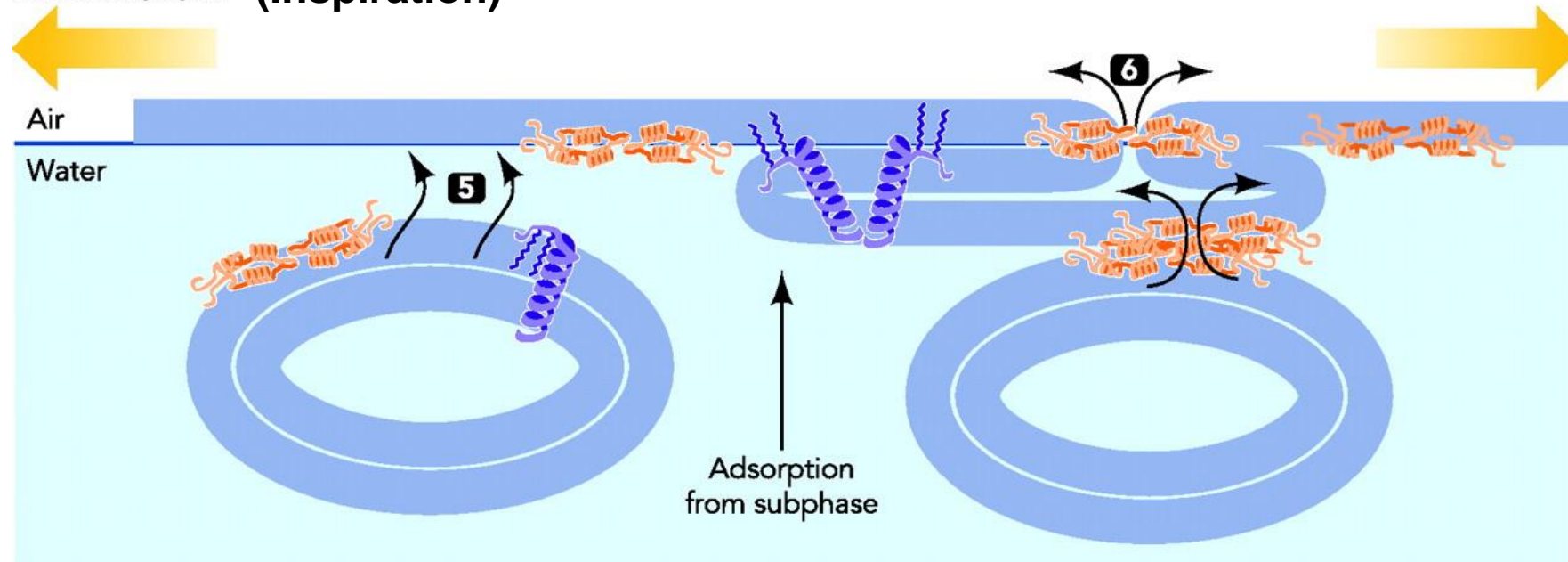
High surface tension
Collapsed alveoli



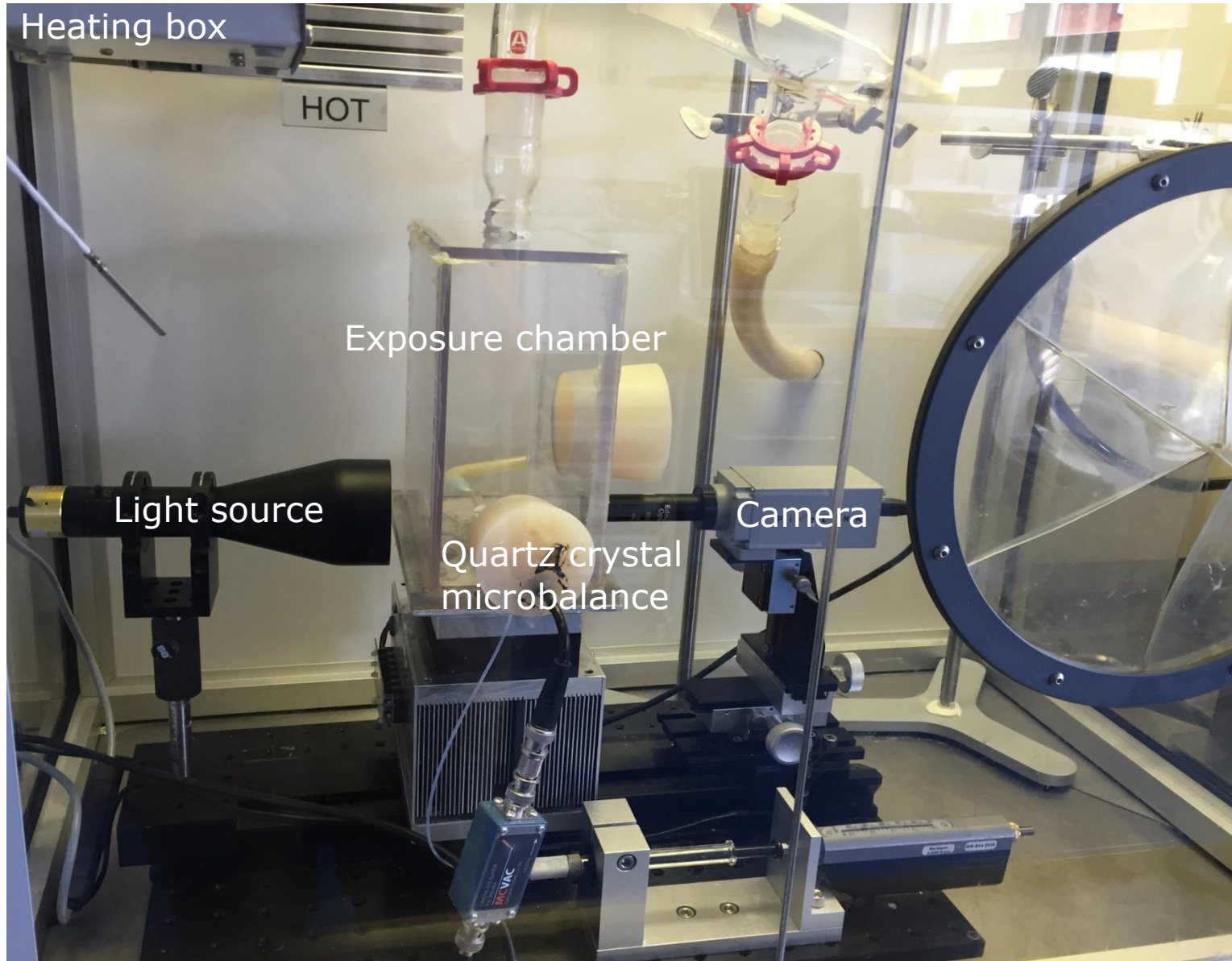
COMPRESSION (Expiration)



EXPANSION (Inspiration)



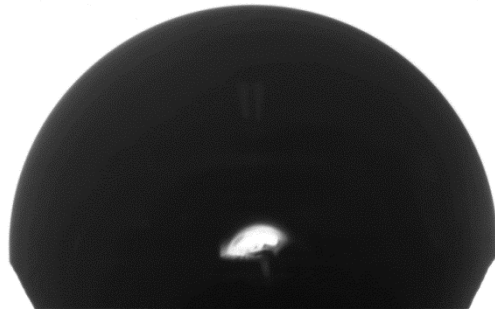
Constrained drop surfactometer



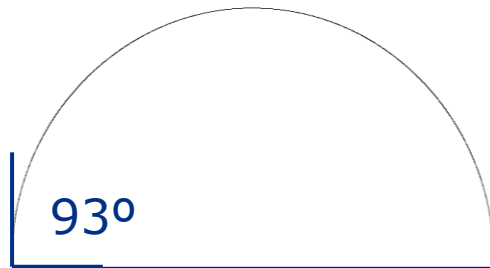
- Measures surface tension
- Temperature control
- Flow through for realistic exposure
- Compatible with different aerosol generators
- Fast, easy, and low cost test

Drop shape

- The contact angle and the shape can be used to calculate the surface tension (ADSA, Zuo *et al.* 2004)

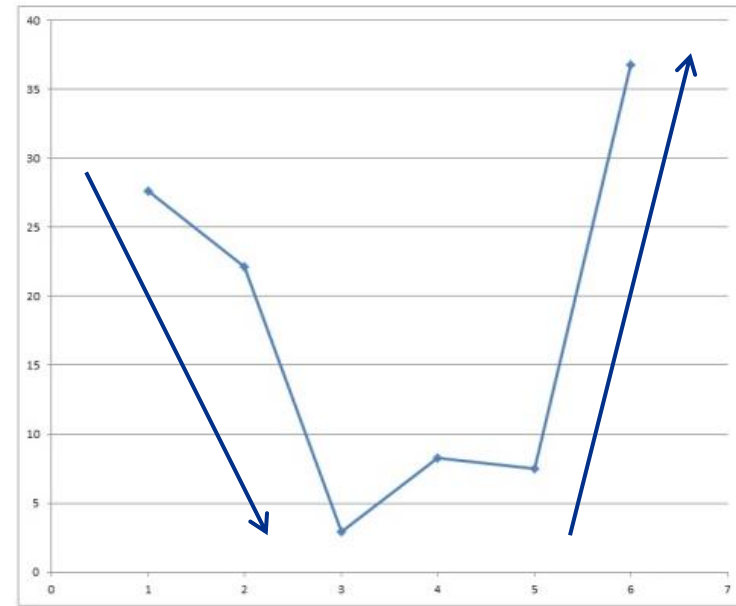
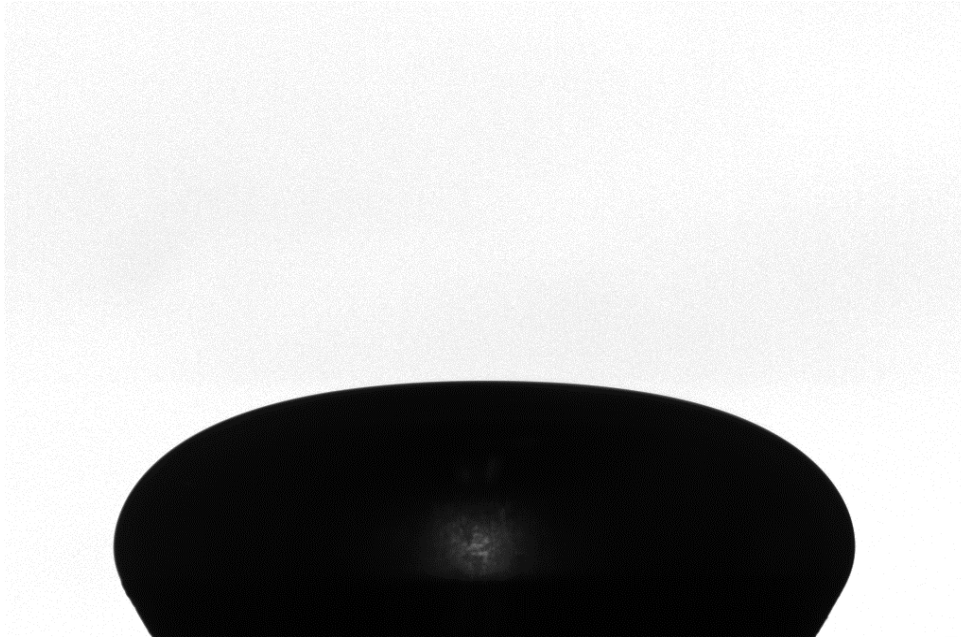


70 mN/m



Water

Lung surfactant



Alternative integrated testing strategy

- Lung surfactant function is a point-of-entry measure
- Lung surfactant should be added to air-liquid interface cell-based assays for more realistic exposure scenarios
- Lung surfactant function can only be assessed in a dynamic assay, thus this should be done separately
- Disruption of lung surfactant function can be included in an IATA to determine the potential for causing acute inhalation toxicity

Applicability domain

- Impregnation products
 - Frequently used both by professionals and by consumers
 - Make surfaces water and dirt repellent -> easy to clean
 - Cause acute inhalation toxicity regularly
- Inhaled pharmaceuticals (marketed formulations Sørli et al 2015) (excipients Sørli et al 2018, in review)
 - Treatment for lung disease are inhaled and can potentially interact with lung surfactant
- Nano particles can reach deep into the lungs and interact with the lung surfactant



Future work and next steps

- Enhancers in biopharmaceuticals (Sørli et al, paper in review)
- Testing of:
 - Nanoparticles in EU project SmartNanoTox
 - Per-fluorinated compounds in collaboration with The Norwegian Institute of Public Health
 - Surveillance of problematic impregnation or spray products by the Danish poison center and the Danish EPA
 - Cleaning products in spray form
 - Chemicals with a known reported LD50 after inhalation
- Plan to submit the Pre-submission form to EURL-ECVAM

Acknowledgments

The National research center for the working environment

- Emilie Da Silva
- Yishi Huang
- Jitka S. Hansen
- Søren Thor Larsen
- Karin S. Hougaard
- Asger W. Nørgaard
- Marcus Levin
- Gunnar D. Nielsen
- Peder Wolkoff
- Marie Frederiksen

AstraZeneca

- Per Bäckman
- Rebecca Fransson
- Kinga Balogh-Sivars
- Per Åberg

University of Hawaii

- Yi Zuo

Bispebjerg hospital

- Niels Ebbehøj
- Peter Jacobsen
- Patricia Duch

Danish EPA

- Toke Winther

Funding

- Danmarks 3R center
- Alternativfondet
- Innovation fund Denmark
- SmartNanoTox
- The Danish Centre for Nanosafety

References

- The need for an alternative test
 - Da Silva and Sørli, Applied In Vitro Toxicology (2018)
- Description of the method
 - Sørli et al, Am. J. Respir. Cell Mol. Biol (2015)
- Use of the CDS to measure LS function
 - **Impregnation product** and LS interaction
Sørli et al. Altex (2018)
 - **Inhaled pharmaceuticals** and LS interaction
Sørli et al, Am. J. Respir. Cell Mol. Biol (2015)
Sørli et al, in review (2018)
- **Nanoparticle** LS interaction
 - Valle et al, ACS nano (2015)
 - Valle et al, Acs Sustainable Chemistry & Engineering (2014)
 - Chen et al, Journal of Environmental Sciences (2017)
 - Hu et al, Nanoscale (2013)
 - Yang et al, Small Methods (2018)
- **Mouse inhalation bioassay** and impregnation products
 - Larsen et al, Toxicology letters (2014)
 - Nørgaard et al, Toxicol.Sci. (2010)
 - Nørgaard et al, Toxicol.Sci. (2014)
 - Duch et al, Clin. Toxicol. (Phila) (2014)
 - Sørli et al, Altex (2015)